

European IP Helpdesk

Stay ahead of the innovation game.

IP and Artifical Intelligence

29 November 2022 Robert Harrison





European IP Helpdesk

- Service initiative of the European Commission
- Addressing current and potential beneficiaries of EUfunded projects, researchers and EU SMEs
- Free-of-charge first-line support on intellectual property (IP)
- Hands-on IP and innovation management support
- International pool of IP experts from various thematic fields
- Unique cooperation scheme with the Enterprise Europe
 Network: 44 ambassadors from 27 EU countries





confidential treatment of individual IP questions





frequent updates from the world of IP and innovation



practical IP knowledge through high-level publications



info point at key networking events and conferences



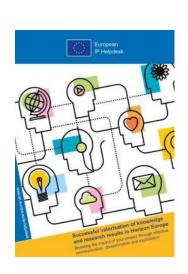


The EC IP Helpdesks





EC IP (SME) Helpdesk Hub – Gateway to Information













- E-learning modules & more
- Guides / Topic, country, sector-specific factsheets / Infographics
- Case studies



Training cooperation with the Community Plant Variety Office and CIOPORA

2022

02

2022

Plants

TRAINING AND WORKSHOPS







EU - Webinar & CIOPORA coop: Growers'
Guide to Intellectual Property Protection for

EU - Webinar CIOPORA coop: Enforcement

practices for Plant Variety Rights in the EU



TRAINING AND WORKSHOPS

Live streaming available

European Union market.

EU - Webinar CPVO Coop: The impact of

protected new plant varieties in the

06

2022



Ambassador Scheme

- Cooperation scheme with the Enterprise Europe Network (EEN): 44 ambassadors – 27 countries
- Building IP capacities among European SMEs
- Overcoming language barriers
- Making the topic more accessible
- Exchange and feedback from ambassadors on needs of SMEs
- Local awareness and training events





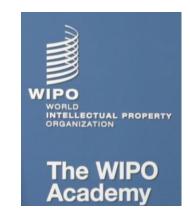
Further learning opportunities:

- 1. European IP Helpdesk Ambassadors and EEN
- 2. EUIPO learning portal
- 3. EUIPO Ideas Powered for business website
- 4. WIPO Academy / Diagnostics
- 5. The Ideas Powered for business SME Fund
- 6. <u>IPA4SME</u>
- 7. Horizon IP Scan
- 8. (IP Booster)
- 9. Horizon Results Booster
- 10. LeadershIP4SMEs
- 11. EPO Academy
- 12. 4IPCouncil











leadersh









Your product Choose your sector









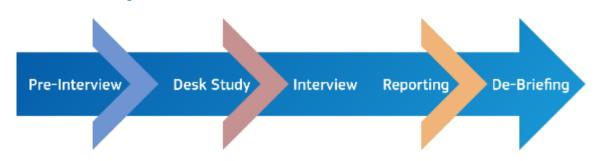
Technology Production

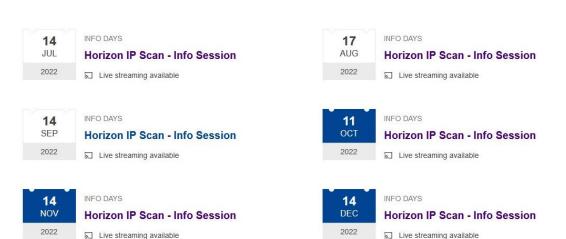
Select this sector if you manufacture technology-related products. If you run a technology-related service, but do not manufacture any product, select 'Services'. Click to select



Horizon IP Scan

IP Support Service for SMEs in Collaborative EU-funded Research Projects













Thank you!

- www.ec.europa.eu/ip-helpdesk
- <u>helpline@iprhelpdesk.eu</u>
- training@iprhelpdesk.eu
- Twitter @iprhelpdesk
- LinkedIn /european-ipr-helpdesk







Robert Harrison

Patent and Trade Mark Attorney
Munich/Paris/Vienna/Zürich/London



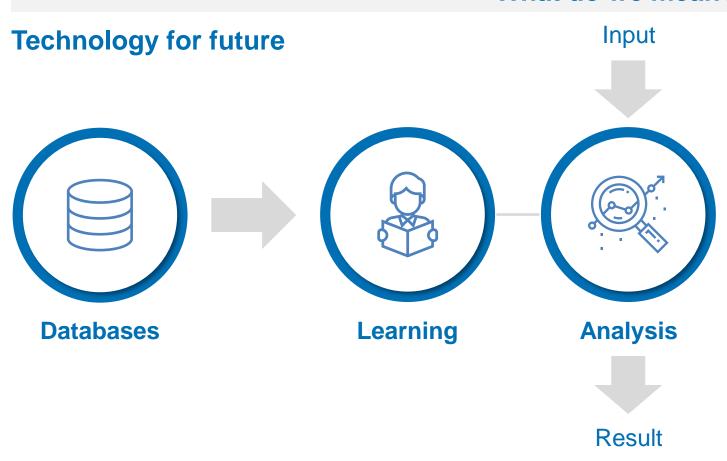
About me

- BA Physics, Oxford University
- MSc Physics, Sheffield University
- PhD Semiconductors Sheffield University
- EPO Examiner the Hague
- IBM Germany Patent Engineer
- W.L.Gore & Associates European IP Counsel
- Sonnenberg Harrison Partnership
- Advisory Board Member
- IP Strategy



Artificial Intelligence

What do we mean?

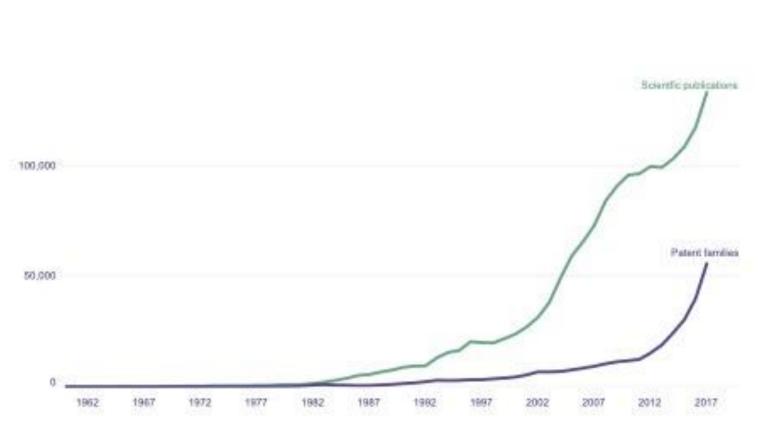




Picture source: Istock.com



Increase in Patent Applications





Picture source: Freepik.com



IP and Digital Innovations





Data ownership



Database Rights



Contractual Rights



Patents

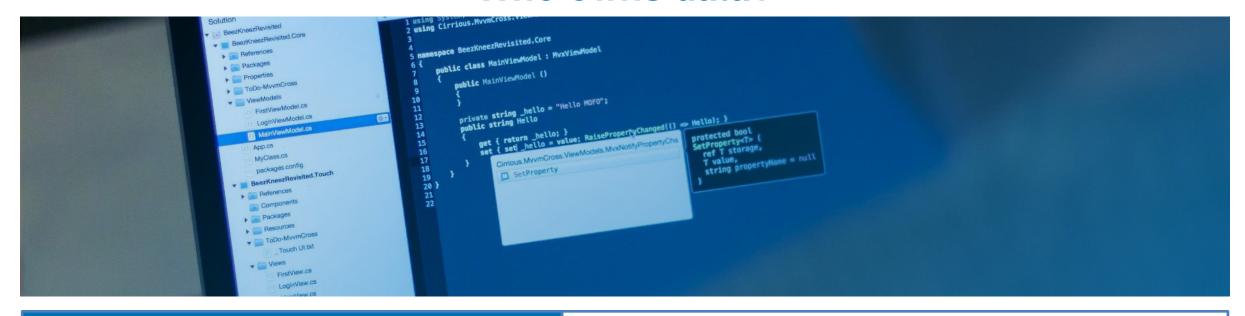
Picture source: Pixabay.com



Data Rights and Ownership



Who owns data?





Can we really talk about "ownership"?

Different countries have different legal concepts

European Commission discussing various data rights laws including a Data Governance Act





Copyright



Copyright Ownership





Level of Creativity Required for Copyright Protection



Data per se will not have this level



Software is protected – under Berne Convention



Database Rights (Europe)







Protects collection of data



Significant Investment



Not individual data items

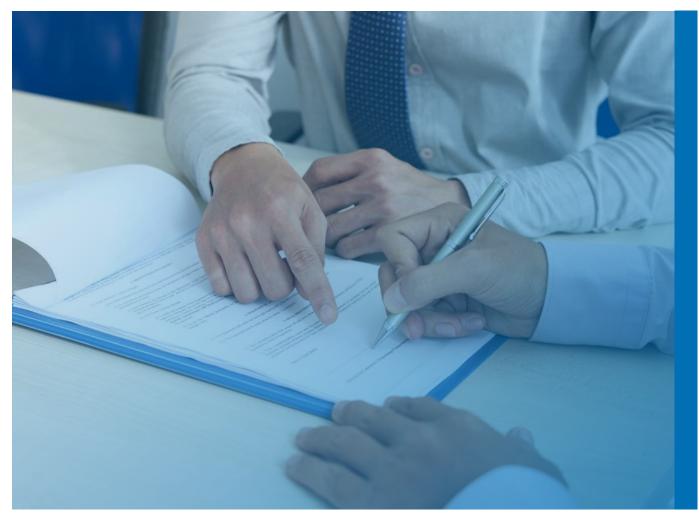




Contracts



Contractual Arrangements





Use of input data



Curation of data



Exploitation of data



Exploitation of results

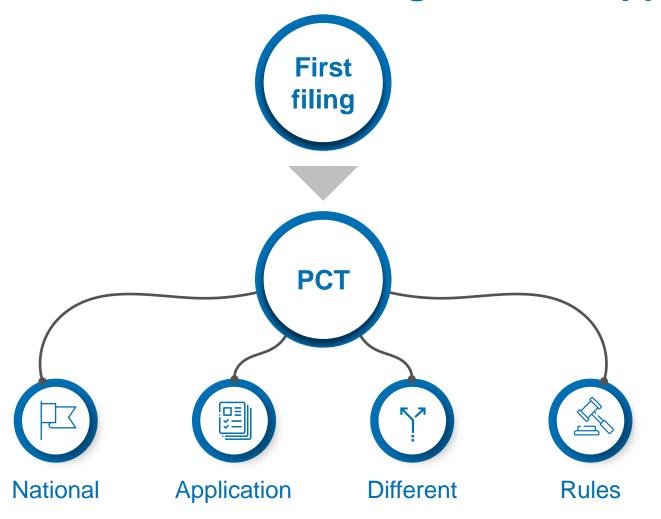


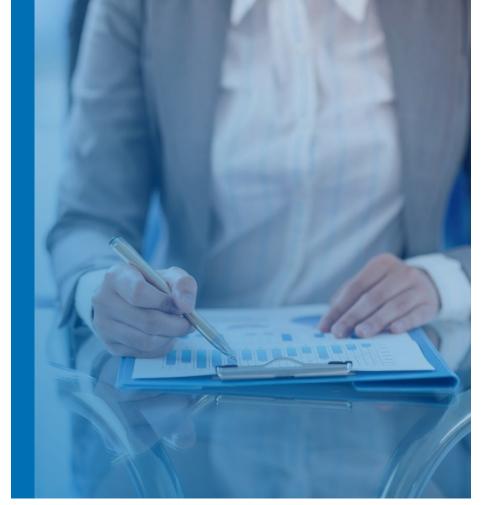


Patent Rights



Filing a Patent Application

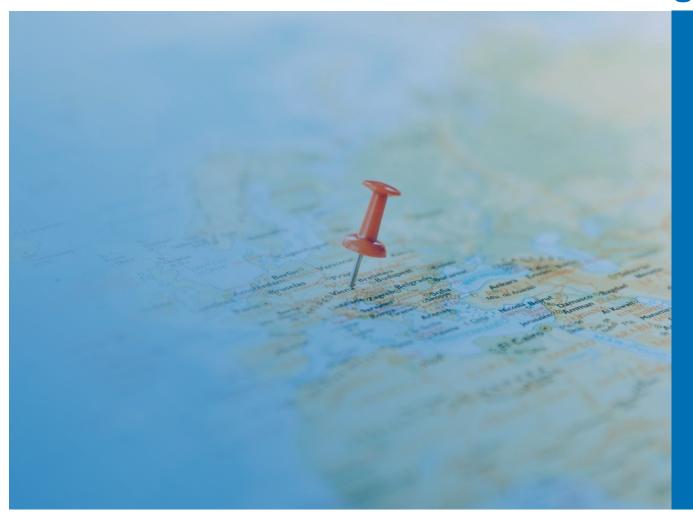




Picture source: Freepik.com



National Rights





Different countries treat Al differently



Al is often seen as software-based



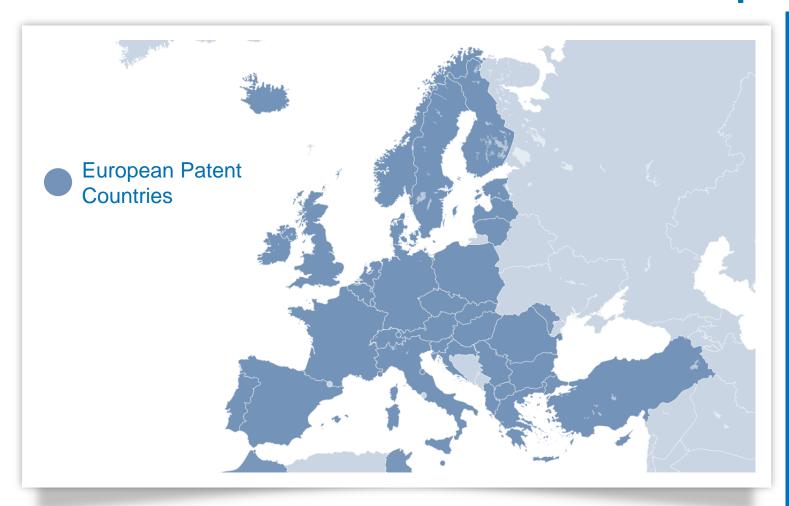
US – rejects "abstract idea" §101 rejections



EU – "software excluded form patents per se"



Focus on Europe

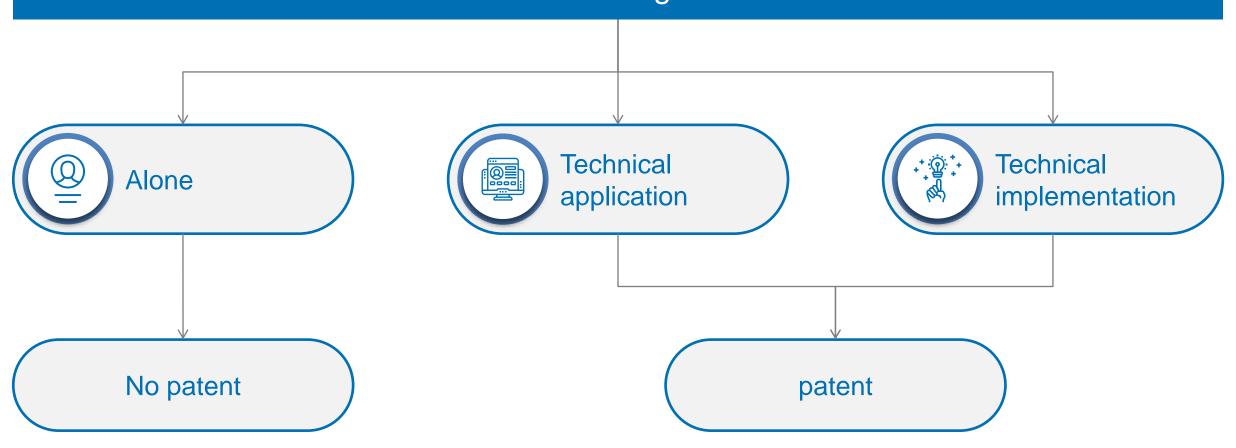






II. Guidelines for Examination of AI in the EPO (Nov 2019 & March 2021)

Examined as inventions involving mathematical methods





Technical Application

First Case – Technical Application of a mathematical model



Use in monitoring equipment, such as a heart monitoring device for identifying irregular heartbeats;



Digital audio, image or video enhancement or analysis, e.g. classifying, de-noising, detecting persons in a digital image, estimating the quality of a transmitted digital audio signal;



Providing a medical diagnosis by an automated system processing physiological measurement.



Separation of sources in speech signals; speech recognition, e.g. mapping a speech input to a text output; or

Controlling a specific technical system or process, e.g. an X-ray apparatus or a steel cooling process;

This technical purpose must be specific



Technical Implementation

Second Case - Technical Implementation of a mathematical model



Mathematical method is particularly adapted for that implementation.





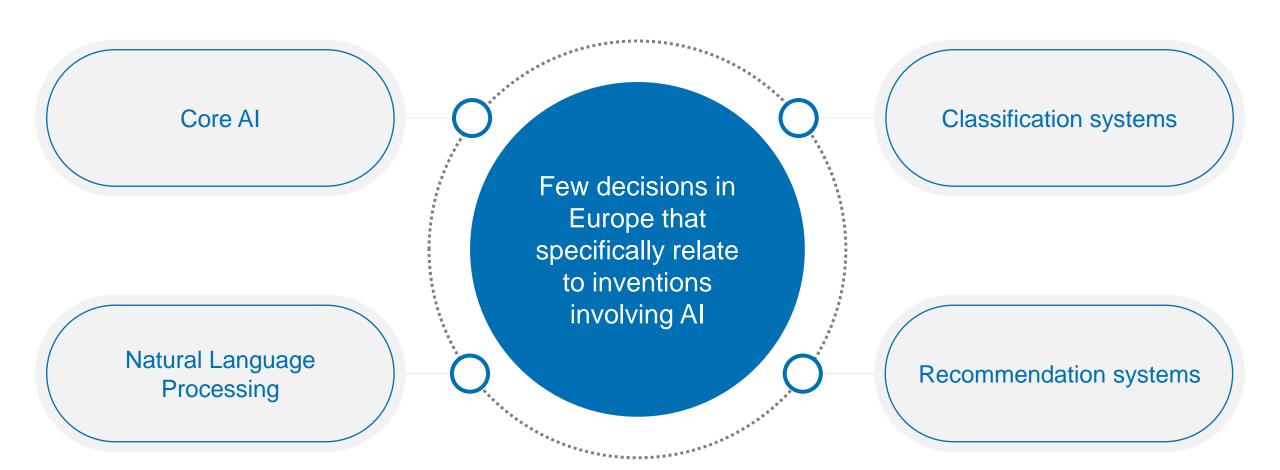
Data collection



Interaction between hardware elements to collect the data



Patentability of Some Al Technologies





Core Al

Fundamental building blocks of AI and machine learning, as opposed to the applications of AI

Difficult to file patent applications on innovations in this "Core Al". EPO considers it not to be "technical".

Overcome by specifying in detail



Implementation of the system



Application of the algorithm



Picture source: Pixabay.com



Natural Language Processing

Allows a computer to interpret inputs, and to generate outputs, in languages such as English, German or Japanese.

Example – Amazon's Alexa System

These virtual assistants use a range of NLP techniques, such as



Speech recognition to transcribe a user's speech into text



Natural language understanding;



Natural language generation to produce a response.





EPO considers some NLP techniques to be more patentable than others



Speech recognition, which the Guidelines expressly recognize as a "technical purpose" is readily patentable



Natural language understanding or comprehension, is considered more difficult to patent

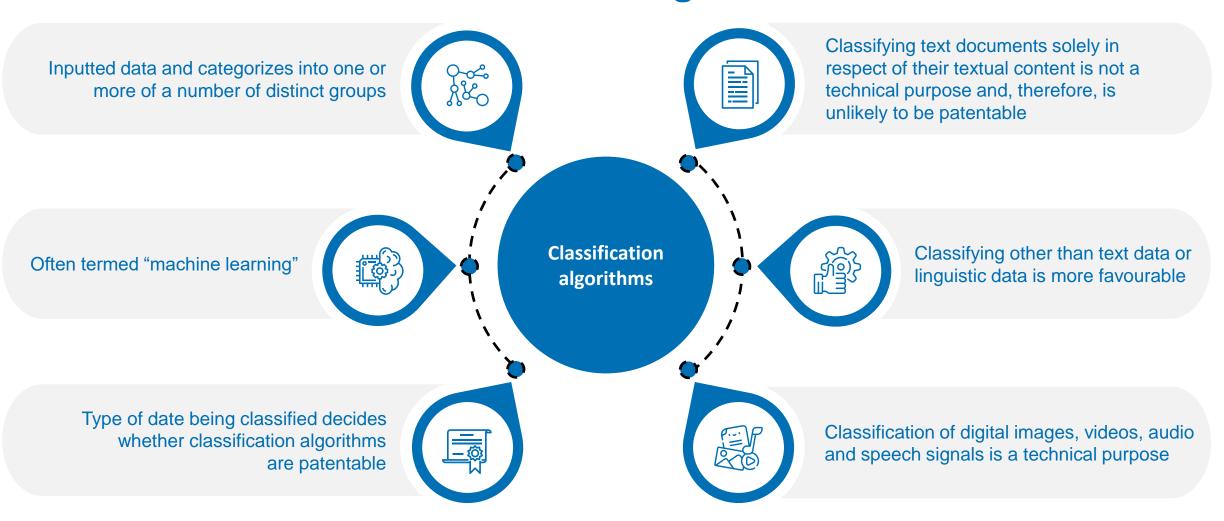
NLP is not a recent technology and the difficulties in patenting NLP, and other technologies involving linguistics, are longstanding



Picture source: Istock.com



Classification Algorithms





Recommendation Systems





Recommendation systems provide suggestions for content that is likely to be of interest to a particular user



For example, book selling websites often employ a recommendation system to suggest new books that a reader might enjoy



They are of great commercial significance but extremely difficult to patent as was decided



Claiming Al-Related Inventions

Al-related inventions may have three potentially patentable, aspects



Generating training data for use in training a model, such as an artificial neural network;

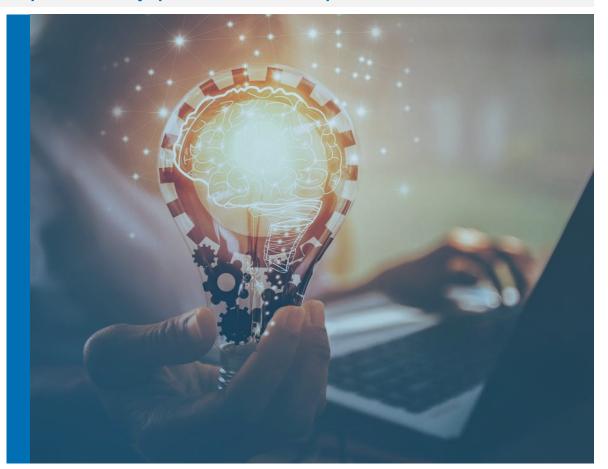


Training the model using the training data (machine learning); and



Using the trained model to analyze new data

Each of these aspects should have separate independent claims



Picture source: Istock.com





Trained model may be difficult to define in concrete technical terms



"product-by-process" claim

Even if a product-by-process claim is not allowable, a well-drafted claim to a method of training a model will confer protection on the model itself under Article 64(2) EPC



Picture source: Freepik.com



Inventive Step





Not "could" the skilled person arrive at the invention but "would" they do so?



- Large number of parameters
- Human selection of training parameters
- Details required in the patent application



Problem-Solution approach is required Solution must be in the technical sphere





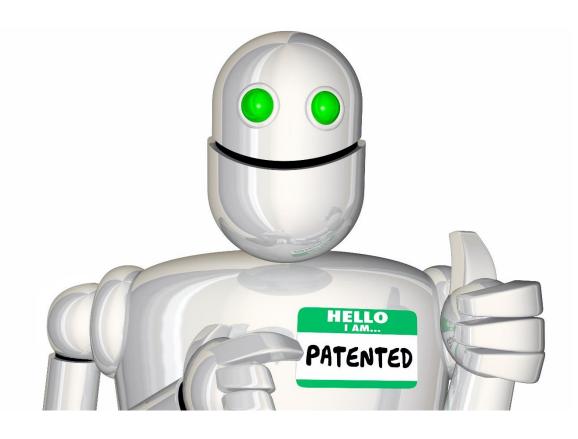
Can an AI program be an "inventor"



EPO USPTO UK Australia: NO

South Africa: YES (?)

"...the inventor designated in a European patent must be a natural person ... the understanding of the term inventor as referring to a natural person appears to be an internationally applicable standard, and that various national courts have issued decisions to this effect."





Contact

